

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/517,974	03/03/2000	Steven V. Larson	13661-107	5719
32300	7590 08/24/2004	EXAMINER		INER
BRIGGS AND MORGAN, P.A. 2200 IDS CENTER MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402			STRIMBU, GREGORY J	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3634	
			DATE MAIL ED: 08/24/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
055	09/517,974	LARSON, STEVEN V.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner /	Art Unit			
	Gregory J. Strimbu	3634			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
<ul> <li>1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 July 2004.</li> <li>2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.</li> <li>3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.</li> </ul>					
Disposition of Claims					
4)  Claim(s) 1-17 and 19-21 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-17 and 19-21 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o Application Papers 9)  The specification is objected to by the Examine	wn from consideration. r election requirement.				
<ul> <li>10) The drawing(s) filed on 29 August 2001 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex</li> </ul>	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob-	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Other:				

## **Drawings**

The corrected or substitute drawings were received on August 29, 2001.

These drawings are approved.

#### Specification

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed. It is suggested that the applicant amend the title to include the gasket with anti-roll extensions as set forth in claim 1.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the admitted prior art in figure 1. The admitted prior art in figure 1 discloses a door D and frame E combination which can withstand a pressure differential of six inches of air pressure (see page 2, lines 16-17). A pressure differential of six inches of air pressure falls within the range of greater than about six inches air pressure since about six inches of a pressure includes pressures less than 6 inches of air pressure. Since 6 inches of air pressure is greater than an air

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pressure less than 6 inches, a pressure differential of 6 inches of air pressure meets the applicant's claimed invention.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 8-11 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the admitted prior art in figure 1 in view of McDonald and Ryan et al. The admitted prior art in figure 1 discloses an air handling unit comprising, a hinged door (D) engaging the air handling unit and comprising a front wall (not numbered, but shown in figure 1) and side walls (not shown) and a rear wall (not shown) with an insulating material (see page 2, lines 16-17), a gasket (not shown), the hinged door and air handling unit are capable of withstanding a pressure differential of up to six inches of air pressure (see page 2, lines 18-19). The admitted prior art is silent concerning a frame, a gasket with anti-roll extensions and a hollow core.

However, McDonald discloses a door and frame combination, the combination comprising a frame 10, a hinged door 56 engaging the frame, the door 56 further comprising a front wall (not numbered), rear wall (not numbered), and side walls (not numbered) enclosing a hollow core (not numbered) and

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insulting material 66 filling the hollow core. The insulating material is an expanding polyurethane foam. As shown in figure 1, the door includes a window (not numbered) (claim 8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the admitted prior art of figure 1 with a frame, and a hollow core and insulating material, as taught by McDonald, to increase the insulating value and strength of the door when in the closed position.

Additionally, Ryan et al. discloses a gasket 10 for sealing between a door and a door frame wherein the gasket includes anti-roll extensions 15-17, 20 and 21 and has a central hollow core.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the admitted prior art of figure 1 with a anti-roll extensions, as taught by Ryan et al., to improve the seal between the door and the door frame.

With respect to claims 3 and 10, the admitted prior art of figure 1 is silent concerning the particular thickness of the side walls. However, one of ordinary skill in the art is expected to routinely experiment with parameters so as to ascertain the optimum or workable ranges for a particular use. Accordingly, it would have been no more than an obvious matter of engineering design choice, as determined through routine experimentation and optimization, for one of ordinary skill to provide the side walls with a thickness of 2 inches to improve the insulating value and strength of the door.

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Claims 5 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the admitted prior art in view of McDonald and Ryan et al. as applied to claims 1-4, 8-11 and 15 above, and further in view of Colliander.

Colliander discloses a gasket comprising a friction reducing material 21 on a gasket wall 19.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the admitted prior art of figure 1, as modified above, with a friction reducing material, as taught by Colliander, to ensure the easy opening and closing of the door.

With respect to claim 20, the admitted prior art of figure 1 is silent concerning the particular thickness of the side walls. However, one of ordinary skill in the art is expected to routinely experiment with parameters so as to ascertain the optimum or workable ranges for a particular use. Accordingly, it would have been no more than an obvious matter of engineering design choice, as determined through routine experimentation and optimization, for one of ordinary skill to provide the side walls with a thickness of 2 inches to improve the insulating value and strength of the door.

Claims 6, 7, 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the admitted prior art in figure 1 in view of McDonald and Ryan et al. as applied to claims 1-4, 8-11 and 15 above, and further in view of Jansen.

Jansen discloses a thermally insulating panel 12 comprising a thermal pocket (not specifically numbered, but seen in figure 2) being filled with an insulating material 50 comprising high density polyurethane.

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the admitted prior art of figure 1, as modified above, with thermal pockets and attendant insulating material, as taught by Jansen, to provide an efficient means of manufacturing the door and frame combination.

Claims 16, 17, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the admitted prior art in view of McDonald and Ryan et al. as applied to claims 1-4, 8-11 and 15 above, and further in view of Colliander and Jansen. Colliander discloses a gasket comprising a friction reducing material 21 on a gasket wall 19.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the admitted prior art of figure 1, as modified above, with a friction reducing material, as taught by Colliander, to ensure the easy opening and closing of the door.

Moreover, Jansen discloses a thermally insulating panel 12 comprising a thermal pocket (not specifically numbered, but seen in figure 2) being filled with an insulating material 50 comprising high density polyurethane.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the admitted prior art of figure 1, as modified above, with thermal pockets and attendant insulating material, as taught by Jansen, to provide an efficient means of manufacturing the door and frame combination.

With respect to claim 20, the admitted prior art of figure 1 is silent concerning the particular thickness of the side walls. However, one of ordinary skill in the art is expected to routinely experiment with parameters so as to

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ascertain the optimum or workable ranges for a particular use. Accordingly, it would have been no more than an obvious matter of engineering design choice, as determined through routine experimentation and optimization, for one of ordinary skill to provide the side walls with a thickness of 2 inches to improve the insulating value and strength of the door.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed July 15, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to the applicant's comments that the rejection above fails to anticipate a pressure differential of greater than about 6 inches of air pressure, the examiner respectfully disagrees. As set forth in the applicant's own disclosure, the prior art air handling units can withstand an air pressure differential of 6 inches of air pressure. The recitation about 6 inches of air pressure includes air pressures that are less than 6 inches of pressure such as 5.9 inches of air pressure. Since 6 inches of air pressure is greater than an air pressure which is less than 6 inches, e.g., 5.9 inches of air pressure, 6 inches of air pressure meets the applicant's claimed invention.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS NOT MADE FINAL.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gregory J. Strimbu whose telephone number is 703-305-3979. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:00 to 4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lanna Mai can be reached on 703-308-2486. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-

Gregory J. Strimbu Primary Examiner Art Unit 3634

August 19, 2004

free).